

Strategies and Practices for Identifying and Vaccinating Uninsured Adults

James Blumenstock, Chief, Health Security

National Vaccine Advisory Committee (NVAC) Meeting, March 2019

The Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO)

• The Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO) is the national nonprofit organization representing the state and territorial public health agencies of the United States, the U.S. Territories, and the District of Columbia. ASTHO's members, the chief health officials of these jurisdictions, are dedicated to formulating and influencing sound public health policy, and to assuring excellence in state-based public health practice.



- Strategic priorities:
 - Improve Public Health Through Capacity Building, Technical Assistance and Thought Leadership
 - Advocate for Resources and Policies that Improve the Public's Health and Well-being
 - Develop Strong and Effective State and Territorial Health Officials



Background

- While there have been modest increases in vaccination rates among adults for some ACIP recommended vaccines, generally rates remain suboptimal
- Many immunization programs have limited resources for adult immunizations and, in some cases, limited numbers of partnerships to vaccinate adults, including those that are uninsured
- With support from a CDC cooperative agreement, ASTHO worked to identify promising practices among immunization programs that provide vaccines to uninsured adults using Section 317 and/or state funding





The Purpose of the ASTHO Guide to Identifying and Vaccinating Uninsured Adults

- The ASTHO guide includes strategies, practices, and resources from selected state immunization programs and their partners that have implemented activities to improve access to vaccines for vulnerable adult populations.
- The guide includes information about:
 - The role the health agency and their partners play in providing vaccines to uninsured adults
 - Approaches to identifying uninsured adult populations within the community
 - Methods used to fund vaccine purchase and/or vaccine administration services
 - Recommendations for other health agencies that are considering starting or changing their adult immunization program



Methodology

- ASTHO contracted with JSI Research & Training Institute, Inc. (JSI) to conduct interviews and develop a report
- Key informant interviews were conducted by JSI between March and May 2016 with a select group of immunization program managers, adult immunization coordinators, and community partners
- The information collected provided information about current strategies and practices that improve vaccination services for uninsured populations



Key Informant Interview Questions

- States that participated in interviews responded to emails/newsletters sent by the Association of Immunization Managers or the National Adult Immunization Coordinators' Partnership
- Questions included:
 - How does your agency provide vaccination services to uninsured adults?
 - Who are the community partners that assist in your efforts to provide vaccines to uninsured adults?
 - How does your agency identify uninsured adult populations within the community?
 - How does your agency monitor vaccination rates among uninsured adults?
 - How does your agency fund programs that provide services to uninsured adults?
 - What are the challenges and successes your agency has had in providing vaccinations for uninsured adults?



State and Local Health Agencies Interviewed

astho"

- Georgia
- Massachusetts
- Michigan
- Minnesota
- New York City
- North Carolina
- Oregon

- Philadelphia
- Rhode Island
- Texas
- Vermont
- Virginia
- Washington

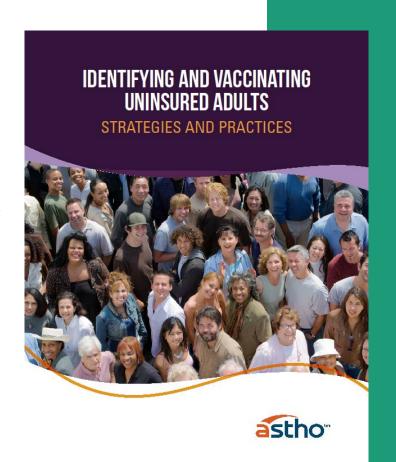






Key Chapters in the Report

- Background
- Key informant interview methodology
- Summary of strategies and practices identified by health departments and their partners
- State or City Stories and Lessons Learned
- Resources and links





Theme 1: Identifying and Reaching Uninsured Adults

Clinical and Non-Clinical Partners

Use partners that provide care for uninsured adults already.

Use VFC providers that have an existing infrastructure that can be adapted for adult vaccine programs.

Engage advisory committees, coalitions, and tribal councils.

Survey providers and partners to drive planning.

Outreach

Develop and disseminate communication tools to promote vaccines for uninsured adults.

Put vaccine in people's path at health fairs, faith-based organizations, homeless shelters, food pantries, and adult education programs, as well as corrections facilities.

Award mini-grants to support community-level vaccination efforts.

Conduct community surveys to estimate vaccine needs for uninsured.

Use Section 317 funding to vaccinate high-risk adults during emergency preparedness exercises.



Theme 2: Tools and Activities to Incorporate Adult Immunization into State Immunization Programs

Use the IIS for ordering, accountability, and to assess adult vaccination status. State IIS Provider Develop adult provider enrollment forms or online enrollment capability. **Enrollment** Provide ongoing education to providers using site visits and training materials. **Education for Providers** and Develop dedicated websites for adult vaccination programs with agreements, **Partners** forms, and promotional materials. Staff Dedicated to Dedicate staff to oversee provider outreach, training, and Section 317the Adult Vaccine program accountability. **Program**



Theme 3: Clinical Practices to Facilitate Successful Incorporation of Adult Vaccination Services

Integrate
Immunization
Assessment and
Screening into
Clinic Flow

Hold special immunization clinics for the uninsured.

Use pre-visit planning to identify adults due for vaccines and determine their eligibility for 317-funded vaccines and/or vaccine manufacturer patient assistance programs (PAP) vaccines.

Develop screening forms to determine eligibility for 317-funded vaccines.

Make adult immunization assessment an explicit part of a staff job description.

Incorporate standing orders into clinic flow.

Adult Immunization Champions

Identify immunization champions to provide orientation and training for clinic staff.



Theme 4: Maximizing Limited Resources

Ensure Compliance with Section 317
Requirements

Use a pilot period to assess organizations' capabilities and capacity to comply with Section 317 requirements.

Conduct site visits to ensure proper handling and storage of Section 317-funded vaccines, and ensure optimal use of available vaccines and minimize vaccine waste through close collaboration with partners.

State Funding For Adult Vaccines

Promote state legislation to assess health plans for the cost of vaccines for adults to allow for universal adult vaccination.

Pharmaceutical Patient
Assistance Programs
(PAPs)

Integrate PAPs into routine clinic operations.

Generate Revenue from Billing Insurers

Generate revenue from billing insurers to sustain public health programs for vaccinating uninsured adults.



Dissemination

- The guide was finalized in September 2016
- ASTHO shared this resource with state and territorial health agencies
- The guide can be found on-line at: http://www.astho.org/Programs/Immunization







Texas Department of State Health Services

Adult Safety Net (ASN) Program

Texas Department of State
Health Services
Immunization Unit

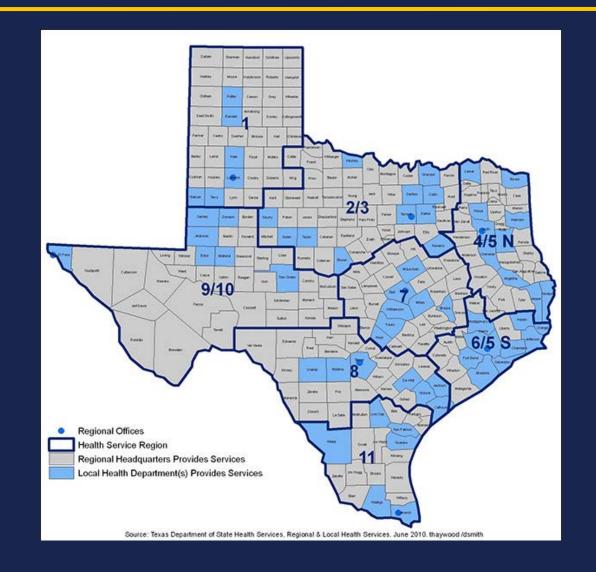


Texas – The Lone Star State

- 261,232 square miles
- Total population: 28,304,596
- Total adult population (18-64 yrs): 16,560,325
- 8 Public Health Regions (PHR)
- 2 CDC funded projects
 - San Antonio Metro Health District
 - City of Houston Health Department
- 50 Local Health Department (LHD) immunization contract

DSHS Public Health Regions (PHR)





Uninsured Adults 18-64 Years of Age

Uninsured Adults 18-64 Years of Age in Texas			
PHR	Population	Uninsured	% Uninsured
1	500,500	119,658	23.9%
2/3	4,893,735	1,065,259	21.8%
4/5N	842,047	199,817	23.7%
6/5S	4,450,821	1,041,975	23.4%
7	2,045,658	386,523	18.9%
8	1,700,071	361,859	21.3%
9/10	874,240	235,446	26.9%
11	1,253,253	451,512	36.0%
Texas	16,560,325	3,862,049	23.3%

^{*}Source: 2015 Small Area Health Insurance Estimates Program, US Census Bureau



Adult Immunization Coverage Levels Texas BRFSS



Vaccine	Texas 2016 Coverage Level (%)	Texas 2017 Coverage Level (%)
Adult Flu: All Ages	33.1	31.8
Adult Flu: 65+	57.3	59.4
Any Tetanus Containing Vaccine	59.5	57.5
Tetanus, diphtheria, and pertussis (Tdap)	22.6	18.7
Pneumococcal	32.8	37
Pneumococcal: 65+	71.3	74.2
HPV: 1 or more doses	9.1	13
HPV: All Doses	37.1	41.9
Hepatitis B	35.3	32.3



How is Texas working to increase adult immunization rates?

Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS)

DSHS Public Health Regions

- 8 Public Health Regions (PHR)
- 9 Adolescent and Adult Immunization Coordinators (AAIC)
 - 1 Lead AAIC in DSHS Central Office
 - 8 AAIC in DSHS PHR



Texas Department of State
Health Services

DSHS applied for and received CDC PPHF funding for Increasing Awareness and Implementation of the Standards for Adult Immunization Practice Through Partnerships With State and Local Immunization Programs (10/2015)

- Texas is one of 10 sites chosen for CDC funding
- \$1,247,890 (for 2 years)
- Provider focused strategies to increase provider participation in ASN Program
- Education of adult providers to increase reporting of adult immunizations to ImmTrac2
- Funds for education providers on the Standards of Adult Immunizations
- Identify barriers to adult immunizations encountered by adult healthcare providers (Adult site visits)



Adolescent and Adult Immunization Coordinator

Roles and responsibilities

- Enroll eligible sites in ASN Program
- Conduct ASN adult-only site visits
 - ASN Program Compliance Visit
 - CDC Standards for Adult Immunization Practice
- Complete site visit follow-up activities
- Continue to strengthen and create partnerships

DSHS applied for and received CDC PPHF funding for Increasing Awareness and Implementation of the Standards for Adult Immunization Practice Through Partnerships With State and Local Immunization Programs (10/2015)

- Texas is one of 10 sites chosen for CDC funding
- \$1,247,890 (for 2 years)
- Provider focused strategies to increase provider participation in ASN Program
- Education of adult providers to increase reporting of adult immunizations to ImmTrac2
- Funds for education providers on the Standards of Adult Immunizations
- Identify barriers to adult immunizations encountered by adult healthcare providers (Adult site visits)



Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS)

DSHS Immunization Unit Central Office

- Assessment, Compliance, and Evaluation (ACE) Group
- ImmTrac2 Registry Group
- Operations Group
- Public Information, Education, and Training (PIET) Group
- Vaccine Management Group (VMG)
- Vaccine Operations Group (VOG)

Adult Safety Net (ASN) Program

May 2003 - Present

Initial

- Hepatitis B initiative
- Provided vaccine for uninsured and underinsured adults

Present

- Supplies adult vaccines to a network of 534 sites in Texas
- Provides vaccines for uninsured adults who are <u>></u>19 years

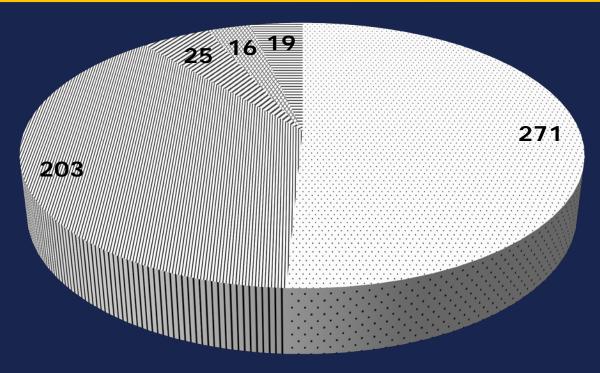
Adult Safety Net (ASN) Program

Goal

Increase access to vaccination services in Texas for uninsured adults.

- Supply vaccine to enrolled providers
- Eligible facilities:
 - Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC)
 - Rural Health Centers (RHC)
 - Local Health Departments (LHD)
 - Public Health Regions (PHR)

ASN Provider by Type Total = 534 (March 2019)



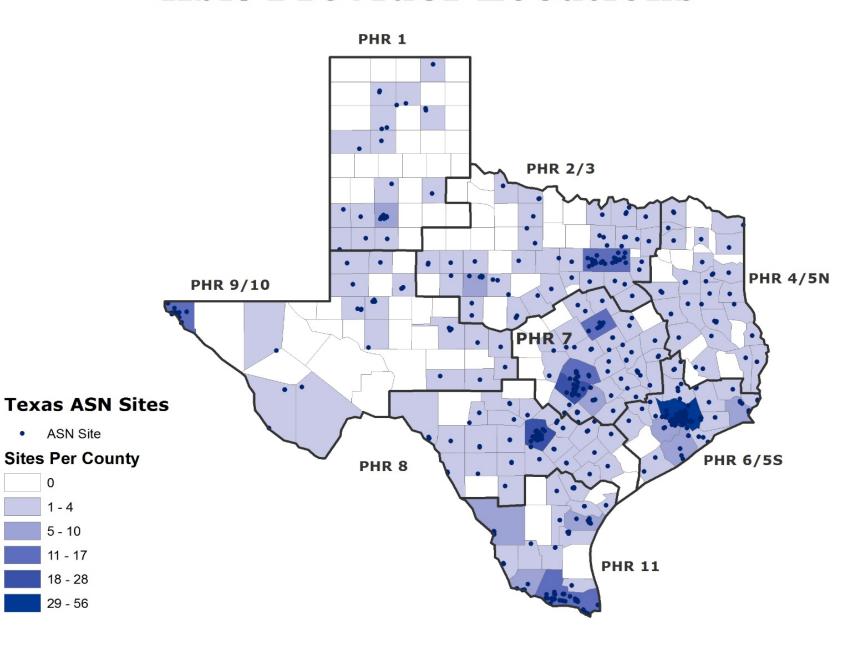
- FQHC/RHC
- **■** Public Health Department
- Community Health Center
- STD/HIV
- **■** Other



Source: DSHS Re-enrollment data 2016

Most of the ASN providers are within FQHCs and Public Health Departments.

ASN Provider Locations



ASN Vaccines Currently Available

- Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Hepatitis A/B
- HPV
- MCV4
- MMR
- PCV13
- PPSV23
- Td and Tdap
- Varicella
- Zoster

ASN Program Challenges

Challenges

- Enrolled sites are inactive
- Missed opportunities
- Difference in vaccines ordered vs. vaccines in inventory = expiration and waste
 - Maximum stock levels
- ImmTrac2 adult consents
- Funding challenges



Emergency Response Preparedness

ASN Program

Provides adult vaccines for emergency responses.

- Hurricanes
- Tornados
- VPD Outbreaks
- Floods
- Fires

Partnerships and Collaborations

- Texas Immunizers and Stakeholder Working Group (TISWG)
- Texas Medical Association
- Texas Pediatric Society
- Texas Quality Improvement Organization (TMF)
- Other State Agencies HHSC, DADS, DFPS, DSHS Programs
- Texas Immunization Coalitions
- Adult Immunization Providers (including Pharmacies)
- Hospitals, Home Health Agencies, Nursing Homes, Senior Centers, etc.
- Vaccine Manufacturers

Adult Immunization Resources

DSHS Websites:

www.immunizetexas.com

www.immtrac.com

www.dshs.texas.gov/immunize/ASN/





Texas Department of State Health Services

Thank You!

Denise Starkey, MPH, MA
Denise.Starkey@dshs.texas.gov



Flu Vaccine Pop-Up Clinics

Innovative opportunities to provide flu vaccine to Tulsa County residents

Priscilla Haynes, Division Chief of Preventive Health Ellen Niemitalo, Manager, Clinic Services

National Vaccine Advisory Committee Panel March 25, 2019

Our Vision

We want to make Tulsa County the healthiest county in the country.

Our Mission

To improve the health and well-being of all Tulsa County residents.

Our Values

We're committed to a constant pursuit of a healthier Tulsa, and we do so by carrying out our core values:

The THD Way—Treat all people with dignity and respect.

Community First—Put the needs of a client ahead of anything and everything else.

Be **accountable** to each other and to the people we serve.

Empower residents to make healthy and safe choices.



Tulsa County

■ Population (2017 est.) 646,266

Age

■ Under 5 7.2%

■ Under 18 25.4%

■ Age 65 and over 14.0%



https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/ tulsacityoklahoma,tualat incityoregon,tulsacountyoklahoma/ PST045218

Race and Hispanic origin

White alone,	72.8%	
Black or African American alone	10.8%	
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	6.8%	

Asian alone	3.4%
7 IOIGITI GITOTTO	

Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.2%
alone,	0.270

Two or More Races,	6.0%

Hispanic or Latino 12.7%

White alone, not Hispanic or Latino

62.0%



https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/tulsacityoklahoma,tualatincityoregon,tulsacountyoklahoma/PST045218

Income & Poverty

Median household income (in 2017 dollars), 2013-2017

\$52,017

Per capita income in past 12 months (in 2017 dollars), 2013-2017

\$29,797

Persons in poverty, percent

14.4%



https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/tulsacityoklahoma,tualatincityoregon,tulsacountyoklahoma/PST045218

Insurance coverage

• Uninsured (2013-2017 estimate)

■ Age 19-64 20.9%

■ Age 65 and over 0.8%

■ Under age 19 7.6%



Flu vaccine - history

- Adequate supplies of flu vaccine were available
 - State funded
 - Federally funded VFC and 317
 - Tulsa County Funded
- THD administered flu vaccine in community
- No cost to recipients
- Drive through events
- Walk up events



Last 10 years

Flu vaccine funding changes

■ Cost 2009

\$7 to \$13/dose - trivalent injectable

■ Cost 2019

\$15 to \$24/dose - quadrivalent injectable



Vaccine presentations increased

- Injectable
- Nasal
- High dose
- Egg-free
- Intradermal



Reimbursement

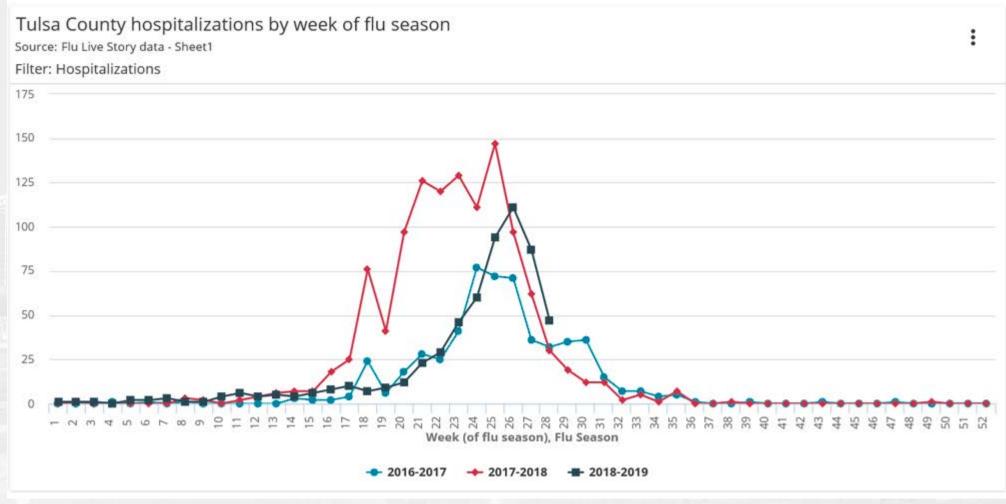
- THD able to seek reimbursement for individuals with private insurance, including Medicaid and Medicare
- Decision to charge \$25 for flu vaccine
- No charge for adults with income less than 185% FPL



Flu season 2017-2018

Severe season for deaths and hospitalizations in Tulsa County

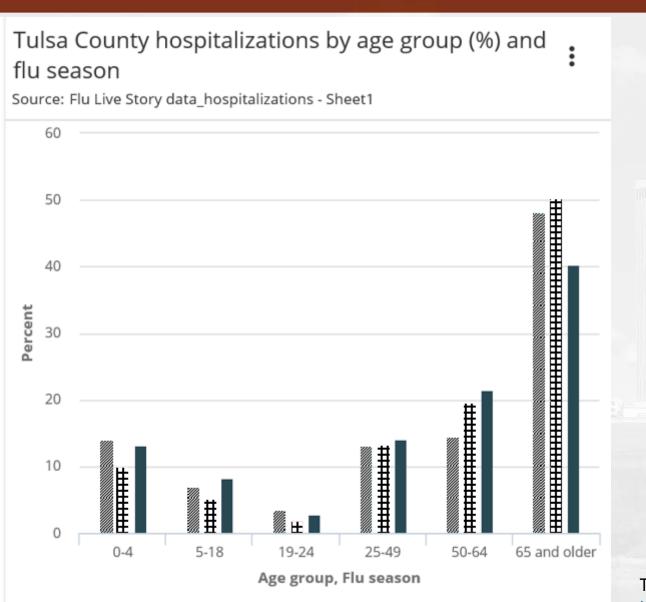






Tulsa County Flu Report.

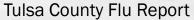
https://insight.livestories.com/s/v2/influenza/b43fd0fa-d57c-4043-bf80-e8bd56f9268d/



2017-2018

2018-2019

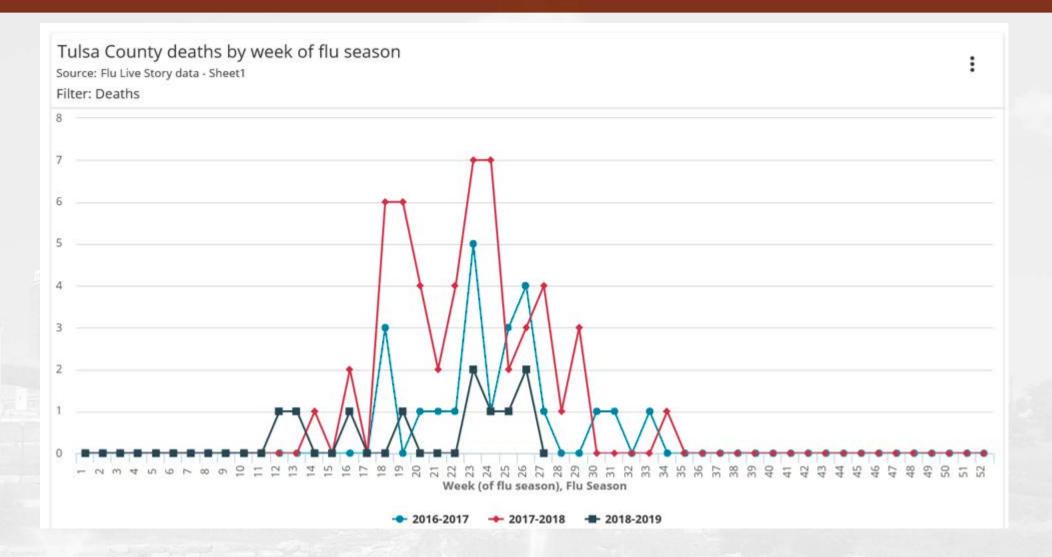
2016-2017



https://insight.livestories.com/s/v2/influenza/b43fd0fa-d57c-4043-bf80-e8bd56f9268d/



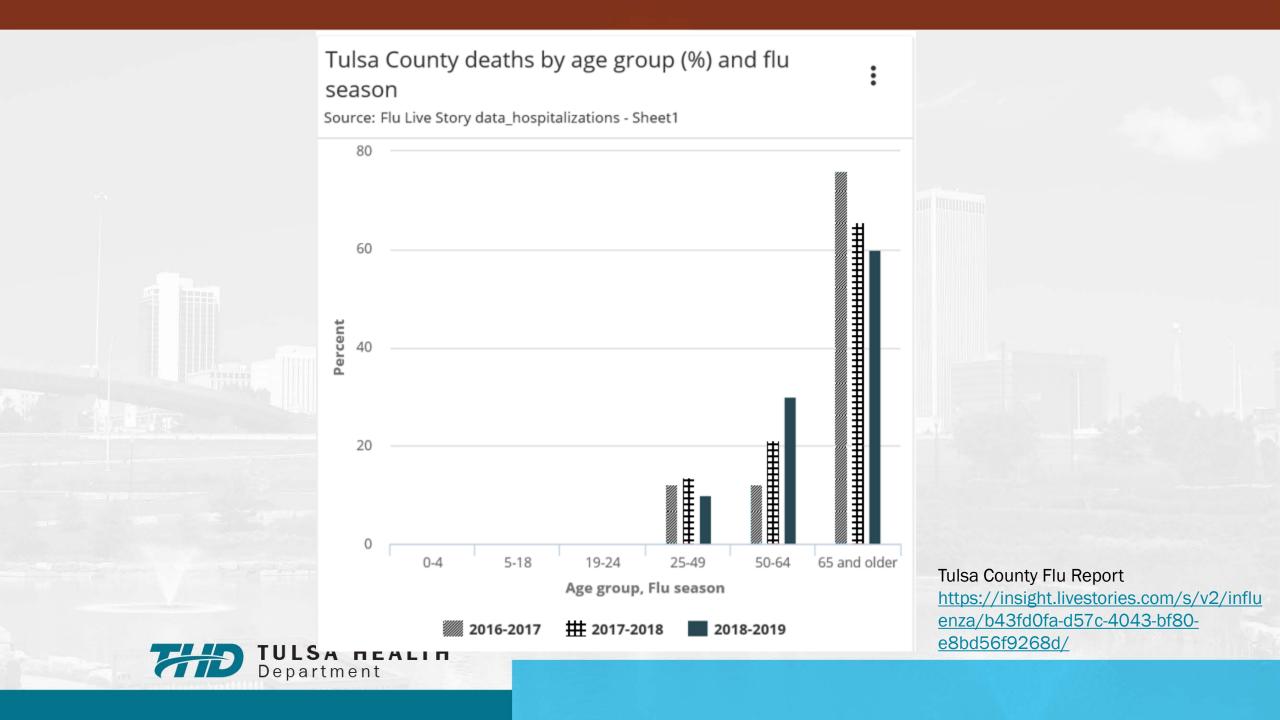
Department





Tulsa County Flu Report

https://insight.livestories.com/s/v2/influenza/b43fd0fa-d57c-4043-bf80-e8bd56f9268d/



THD response

Pop up flu clinic

- February 2018
- Storefront in mall
- Saturday 10-2
- VFC, State and THD funded vaccine
- Administered over 300 vaccines











Preparation for flu season 2018-2019

- Free Flu Shot Pop-Up Clinic
- October 2018
- POD Full Scale Exercise
- MIPS Plan



Partners

- THD Emergency Preparedness and Response Program
- THD Marketing Department
- Hillcrest Medical Center Flu Campaign
- Oklahoma Medical Reserve Corps
- Law enforcement





FREE Flu Shot Pop-up Clinic

October 24 | 10_{am} - 7_{pm}

OSU-Tulsa, Main Hall 700 N. Greenwood Ave. | Tulsa, OK

Conveniently located with extended hours!



hillcrest

THE TULBA HEALT

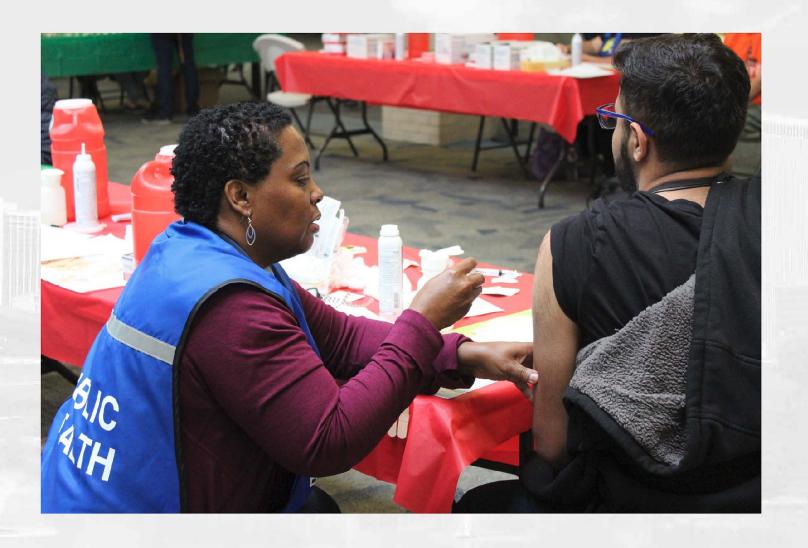




Vaccine Funding

- VFC
- 317 for uninsured adults
- THD funded insured adults
 children not qualifying for VFC







Assessment

- Over 600 vaccines administered
- Usual throughput- less than 20 minutes



Ongoing efforts to provide vaccines and remove barriers

- Oklahoma Caring Foundation partnership
- Oklahoma Caring Vans
 - VFC vaccine
 - Flu for caregivers/teachers
 - Schools: public, private, alternative
 - Residential Facilities
 - Tulsa Boys Home
 - Sand Springs Home and Widow's Colony
 - Women in Recovery
 - Day cares/Head Start CAP
 - WIC clinics
 - Community events
 - Mexican Consulate
 - Health Fairs



Other THD activities to reach vulnerable populations

- Homeless pop-up resource clinic
- Community Baby Shower
- Senior Brunch- Health Information Event
- Health Fairs



Off site flu clinics

- Salvation Army
- Day Center for Homeless
- Substance Abuse Treatment
- Women's Shelters/homes
- Workplaces
- Community agencies: Neighbors Along the Line
- Tulsa Housing Authority
- City and County employees



Future plans

- Statewide full scale preparedness exercise
- "Operation Flu Fight"
- October 2019

















Don't Bug Me Commercial

https://youtu.be/BTGQUIWtuFY



Thank You

- Priscilla Haynes MS, BSN
- Division Chief, Preventive Health Services
- phaynes@tulsa-health.org
- Ellen Niemitalo RN, BSN, MPH
- Manager, Clinic Services
- eniemitalo@tulsa-health.org



